## IN THE CLAIMS:

The pending claims are set forth below and have been amended and/or cancelled, without prejudice, where noted:

- 1. (Cancelled)
- 2. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 131, wherein the HIPS has a MFI ranging from about 1.5 g/10 min. to about 15 g/10 min., as measured by ASTM D1238 condition g.
- 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 31, where the article exhibits improved melt stability as compared with a product made from the HIPS without the second polymerrelatively high MFI polystyrene homopolymer, and wherein a melt instability of an extruded polymer sample is measured according to the Equation 1:

$$\kappa_{sample} = \frac{UPL_{sample} - LPL_{sample}}{UPL_{control} - LPL_{control}}$$
 (Equation 1)

wherein UPL<sub>control</sub> is the Upper Prediction Limit of a control polymer having high melt instability extrapolated to a drawing speed equal to zero, wherein LPL<sub>control</sub> is the Lower Prediction Limit of the control polymer extrapolated to a drawing speed equal to zero, wherein UPL<sub>sample</sub> is the Upper Prediction Limit of the extruded polymer sample extrapolated to a drawing speed equal to zero, wherein LPL<sub>sample</sub> is the Lower Prediction Limit of the extruded polymer sample extrapolated to a drawing speed equal to zero, and wherein  $\kappa_{\text{sample}}$  closer to 1 indicates a relatively unstable extruded polymer sample and a  $\kappa_{\text{sample}}$  closer to 0 indicates a relatively stable extruded polymer sample.

5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31, where the article is extruded at a shear rate from about 1,000 to about 15,000 s<sup>-1</sup>.

## 6-7. (Cancelled)

- 8. (Withdrawn) A styrenic resin blend consisting of styrenic polymers comprising at least one relatively low MFI HIPS resin and at least one relatively high MFI polystyrene homopolymer.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The styrenic resin blend of claim 8 where the HIPS resin has a MFI ranging from about 1.5 g/10 min. to about 15 g/10 min., and the polystyrene homopolymer has a MFI ranging from about 20 g/10 min. to about 40 g/10 min.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The styrenic resin blend of claim 8 where the weight ratio of HIPS resin to polystyrene homopolymer ranges from about 90/10 to about 50/50.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The styrenic resin blend of claim 8 where a product made from the resin blend has improved melt stability as compared with a product made from the HIPS resin without the polystyrene homopolymer.
- 12. (Withdrawn) A laminated article made with the styrenic resin blend of claim 8.
- 13. (Withdrawn) A styrenic resin blend consisting of styrenic polymers comprising at least one HIPS resin having a MFI ranging from about 1.5 g/10 min. to about 15 g/10 min. and at least one polystyrene homopolymer having a MFI ranging from about 20 g/10 min. to about 40 g/10 min., wherein the weight ratio of HIPS resin to polystyrene homopolymer ranges from about 90/10 to about 50/50.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The styrenic resin blend of claim 13 where a product made from the resin blend has improved melt stability as compared with a product made from the HIPS resin without the r polystyrene homopolymer.
- 15. (Withdrawn) A laminated article made with the styrenic resin blend of claim 13.

16. (Withdrawn) A product made by the process comprising:

melt blending polymers consisting of styrenic polymers together to give a meltblend;

wherein said styrenic polymers are comprised of at least one relatively low MFI HIPS resin and at least one relatively high MFI polystyrene homopolymer; and extruding the product from the melt blended polystyrenes.

- 17. (Withdrawn) The product of claim 16 where the HIPS resin has a MFI ranging from about 1.5 g/10 min. to about 15 g/10 min., and wherein the polystyrene homopolymer has a MFI ranging from about 20 g/10 min. to about 40 g/10 min.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The product of claim 16 where the weight ratio of HIPS resin to polystyrene homopolymer ranges from about 90/10 to about 50/50.
- 19. (Withdrawn) The product of claim 16 where the product has improved melt stability as compared with a product made from the relatively low MFI HIPS resin without the relatively high MFI polystyrene homopolymer.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The product of claim 16 where the product is extruded at a shear rate from about 1,000 to about 15,000 s<sup>-1</sup>.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A product made by a process comprising: melt blending together to give a melt blend:

at least one HIPS resin having a MFI ranging from about 1.5 g/10 min. to about 15 g/10 min.; and

at least polystyrene homopolymer having a MFI ranging from about 20 g/10 min. to about 40 g/10 min.;

where the weight ratio of HIPS resin to polystyrene homopolymer ranges from about 90/10 to about 50/50 and extruding the product from the melt blend.

- 22. (Withdrawn) The product\_of claim 21 where the product has improved melt stability as compared with a product made from the relatively low MFI HIPS resin without the relatively high MFI polystyrene homopolymer.
- 23. (Withdrawn) A method of measuring the melt instability of an extruded polymer sample according to the Equation 1:

$$\kappa_{sample} = \frac{UPL_{sample} - LPL_{sample}}{UPL_{control} - LPL_{control}}$$
 (Equation 1)

where UPL<sub>control</sub> is the Upper Prediction Limit of a control polymer having high melt instability extrapolated to a drawing speed equal to zero,

LPL<sub>control</sub> is the Lower Prediction Limit of the control polymer extrapolated to a drawing speed equal to zero,

UPL<sub>sample</sub> is the Upper Prediction Limit of the extruded polymer sample extrapolated to a drawing speed equal to zero, and

LPL<sub>sample</sub> is the Lower Prediction Limit of the extruded polymer sample extrapolated to a drawing speed equal to zero,

where  $\kappa_{sample}$  closer to 1 indicates a relatively unstable extruded polymer sample and a  $\kappa_{sample}$  closer to 0 indicates a relatively stable extruded polymer sample.

- 24. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 23 where the control polymer and the sample polymer are selected from the group consisting of styrene polymers and styrene copolymers.
- 25. (Withdrawn) An article made from the styrenic resin blend of claim 1.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31 where the article has a melt strength [N] of from 0.01 to 0.035.

- 27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31 where the article has an instability kappa of from 0.2 to 0.045.
- 28. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 31 where the article has an Izod of from 0.8 to 1.7 ft-lb/in.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31 where the article has a flexural strength of from 8000 psi to 10500 psi.
- 30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31 where the article<del>product</del> has a Z average molecular weight (Mz) of from about 300,000 to 600,000.
- 31. (Currently Amended) A method of melt processing polystyrene comprising: providing high impact polystyrene (HIPS);

melt blending the HIPS with a second polymer exhibiting a melt flow index (MFI) of from about 20 g/10 min. to about 40 g/10 min. as measured by ASTM D1238 condition g to form modified HIPS, wherein the modified HIPS comprises greater than 50 wt.% HIPS; and

melt processing the modified HIPS to form a polystyrene article.

- 32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the modified HIPS consists essentially of the HIPS and the second polymer.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the modified HIPS comprises from about 10 wt.% to about 30 wt.% second polymer.
- 34. (New) The method of claim 31, wherein the melt processing comprises extrusion.